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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE		ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/806,812		07/02/2001	Gregorio Di Cesare	D-43072-01-W	7774	
28236	7590	09/27/2002				
CRYOVAC	C, INC.		EXAMI	EXAMINER		
SEALED A			VO, HAI			
P.O. BOX 4						
DUNCAN,	SC 2933	4		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
				1771		
				DATE MAILED: 09/27/2002		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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	Applica	tion No.	Applicant(s)	"/
	09/806,	812	CESARE ET AL.	
Office Action Summa	ary Examin	er	Art Unit	-
	Hai Vo		1771	
The MAILING DATE of this co Period for Reply	ommunication appears on t	he cover sheet	t with the correspondence ad	aress
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PER THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COI - Extensions of time may be available under the pafter SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of - If the period for reply specified above is less the - If NO period for reply is specified above, the ma - Failure to reply within the set or extended perio - Any reply received by the Office later than three earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1. Status	MMUNICATION. provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no this communication. an thirty (30) days, a reply within the s aximum statutory period will apply and d for reply will, by statute, cause the e months after the mailing date of this	event, however, may statutory minimum of d will expire SIX (6) N	y a reply be timely filed thirty (30) days will be considered time MONTHS from the mailing date of this c e ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ly. ommunication.
1) Responsive to communicati				
2a) This action is FINAL .	2b)⊠ This action			
3) Since this application is in c closed in accordance with the Disposition of Claims	condition for allowance exc he practice under <i>Ex parte</i>	ept for formal of Quayle, 1935	matters, prosecution as to the C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.	ne ments is
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-11</u> is/are pending	g in the application.			
4a) Of the above claim(s)	is/are withdrawn from	consideration.		
5) Claim(s) is/are allowe				
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-11</u> is/are rejected				
7) Claim(s) is/are object				
8) Claim(s) are subject t		n requirement.	•	
Application Papers				
9)☐ The specification is objected	to by the Examiner.	_		
10) The drawing(s) filed on	_ is/are: a)□ accepted or b) objected to	by the Examiner.	
Applicant may not request tha	at any objection to the drawin	g(s) be held in a	beyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a)).
11)☐ The proposed drawing correct			disapproved by the Exami	ner.
If approved, corrected drawing				
12)☐ The oath or declaration is ob	jected to by the Examiner.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and	120			
13) Acknowledgment is made o	f a claim for foreign priority	y under 35 U.S	S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (t).	
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ N	lone of:			
	e priority documents have			
2. Certified copies of the	e priority documents have	been received	in Application No	
3.⊠ Copies of the certified application from t * See the attached detailed Off	he International Bureau (F	'C Ruie /.∠((a)).	al Stage
14) Acknowledgment is made of	a claim for domestic priori	ty under 35 U.S	S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisior	nal application).
a) ☐ The translation of the fo	oreign language provisiona	al application h	as been received.	
Attachment(s)	·			
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-892)	g Review (PTO-948) rO-1449) Paper No(s) <u>7</u> .	4)	rview Summary (PTO-413) Paper l ice of Informal Patent Application (l er:	No(s) PTO-152)

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

1. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

2. Claim 9 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. Regarding claim 9, the phrase "the like polymers" renders the claim(s) indefinite because the claim(s) include(s) elements not actually disclosed (those encompassed by "the like"), thereby rendering the scope of the claim(s) unascertainable. See MPEP § 2173.05(d).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

4. Claims 1-4, 10 and 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by JP 07-060816. JP'816 discloses a multiplayer foamed sheet formed by coextrusion and comprising one unformed layer interposed between the two foam polypropylene layers (abstract, page 2, [0012] and figure C). JP'816 discloses the expansion ratio of the first foam layer is 1.2 to 5 times whereas the expansion ratio of the second foam layer is 1.01-1.1

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times (abstract). Since the expansion ratios of the two foam layers are different and the expansion ratio dictates the flexural modulus of the foam, it is the examiner's position that the two foam layers would have different flexural strength.

With regard to claims 2, 3 and 10, since JP'816 is using the same materials and the same process, i.e., chemical foaming to make a foam and coextrusion (page 2, [0012], [0013]) to form the multilayer foamed sheet as Applicant, and the multiplayer foamed sheet of JP'816 meets all the structures recited by the claims, it is the examiner's position that the density and the flexural modulus would be inherently present within the range as set forth in the claims. In addition, the examiner wishes to point out that as USPTO is unequipped to perform the necessary experimentation, the burden to show that the foamed sheet of JP'816 having the flexural modulus and the density outside the instantly claimed ranges is shifted to Applicant.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claims 1-6, and 8-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over GB 2 263 435.
 GB'435 discloses a plastic laminate produced by coextrusion and having a

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layer construction as follows: facing layer/ core layer/ tie layer/gas barrier layer/tie layer/core layer/ facing layer (page 4, lines 25-35). The core layer comprises foamed polypropylene that is formed from chemical foaming (page 3, lines 1 and 25). The gas barrier layer is made of an ethylene-vinyl alcohol copolymer (page 4, lines 15-18). The facing layer is formed from a copolymer of propylene and ethylene (page 2, lines 25-27). The density of the foam layers is 0.6 g/cm3 (page 6, line 33). Since GB'435 is using the same materials and the same process, i.e., chemical foaming to make a foam and coextrusion to form the multilayer foamed sheet as Applicant, and the multiplayer foamed sheet of GB'435 meets all the structures recited by the claims, it is the examiner's position that the flexural modulus of the two foam layers would be inherently present within the range as set forth in the claims. Note In re Best 195 USPQ at 433, footnote 4 (CCPA 1977) as to the providing of this rejection under 35 USC 103 in addition to the rejection made under 35 USC 102. Further, the examiner wishes to point out that as USPTO is unequipped to perform the necessary experimentation, the burden to show that the foamed sheet of GB'435 having the flexural modulus outside the instantly claimed range is shifted to Applicant.

7. Claim 7 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over GB 2 263 435 as applied to claim 1 above, in view of WO 91/13933. GB is silent as to the tie layer being formed from a modified polyolefin. WO'933 supplies the missing feature. WO'933 discloses a tie layer being made of olefin copolymer (page 19). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at

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the time the invention was made to employ an olefin copolymer as the tie layer of GB'435 motivated by the desire to hold the gas barrier layer to the foam layer effectively.

8. Claims 1-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Finkelstein et al (US 6,194,042). Finkelstein discloses a liner produced by coextrusion and having a layer construction as follows: facing layer/ core layer/ tie layer/gas barrier layer/tie layer/core layer/ facing layer (figure 4). The core layer comprises foamed polypropylene that is formed from chemical foaming (column 7, lines 32-54). The gas barrier layer is made of polyvinylidene chloride (column 6, line 52). The facing layer is formed from ethylene vinyl acetate copolymer (column 5, line 54). The tie layer is made of ethylene acrylic acid copolymer (column 8, line 64). Since Finkelstein is using the same materials and the same process, i.e., chemical foaming to make a foam and coextrusion to form the multilayer foamed sheet as Applicant, and the liner of Finkelstein meets all the structures recited by the claims, it is the examiner's position that the foam density and the flexural modulus of the two foam layers would be inherently present within the range as set forth in the claims. Note In re Best 195 USPQ at 433, footnote 4 (CCPA 1977) as to the providing of this rejection under 35 USC 103 in addition to the rejection made under 35 USC 102. Further, the examiner wishes to point out that as USPTO is unequipped to perform the necessary experimentation, the burden to show that the liner of Application/Control Number: 09/806,812

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Finkelstein having the flexural modulus and the foam density outside the instantly claimed ranges is shifted to Applicant.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from
the examiner should be directed to Hai Vo whose telephone number is (703)
605-4426. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday to Friday, 8:30
to 5:00 (EAST).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Terrel Morris can be reached on (703) 308-2414. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 872-9310 for regular communications and (703) 872-9311 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0661.

HV September 18, 2002

TERREL MORRIS
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 1700